

Super English



Unit 20 - Lesson 1 - Forensic Science

Vocabulary



Forensics - Vocabulary

forensic: (adj) related to scientific methods used to solve crimes



The **forensic** team collected evidence from the crime scene.

Forensics - Vocabulary

obvious: (adj) easy to see, recognize, or understand



It was **obvious** that she was happy because she was smiling.

Forensics - Vocabulary

testify: (v) to speak in court about what you know or have seen



The lawyer asked the witness to **testify** about what happened.

Forensics - Vocabulary

autopsy: (n) an examination of a dead body to find out the cause of death



The doctor performed an **autopsy** to learn how the person died.

Reading



Your First Day at the Scene

You step under yellow tape and everyone stops talking. This is your first day in **forensic science**, and suddenly the room feels serious. Forensic work isn't magic from TV shows; it's careful thinking, patience, and **tiny details**. One shoe print, one fiber, or one photo can change everything. Nothing is **obvious** at first glance, and that's the point. Your job is to slow down, look closely, and let science speak instead of guesses, even when **pressure builds around you**.



1. Why does the article say forensic science is not like TV shows?
2. Would you enjoy a job where small details really matter? Why or why not?

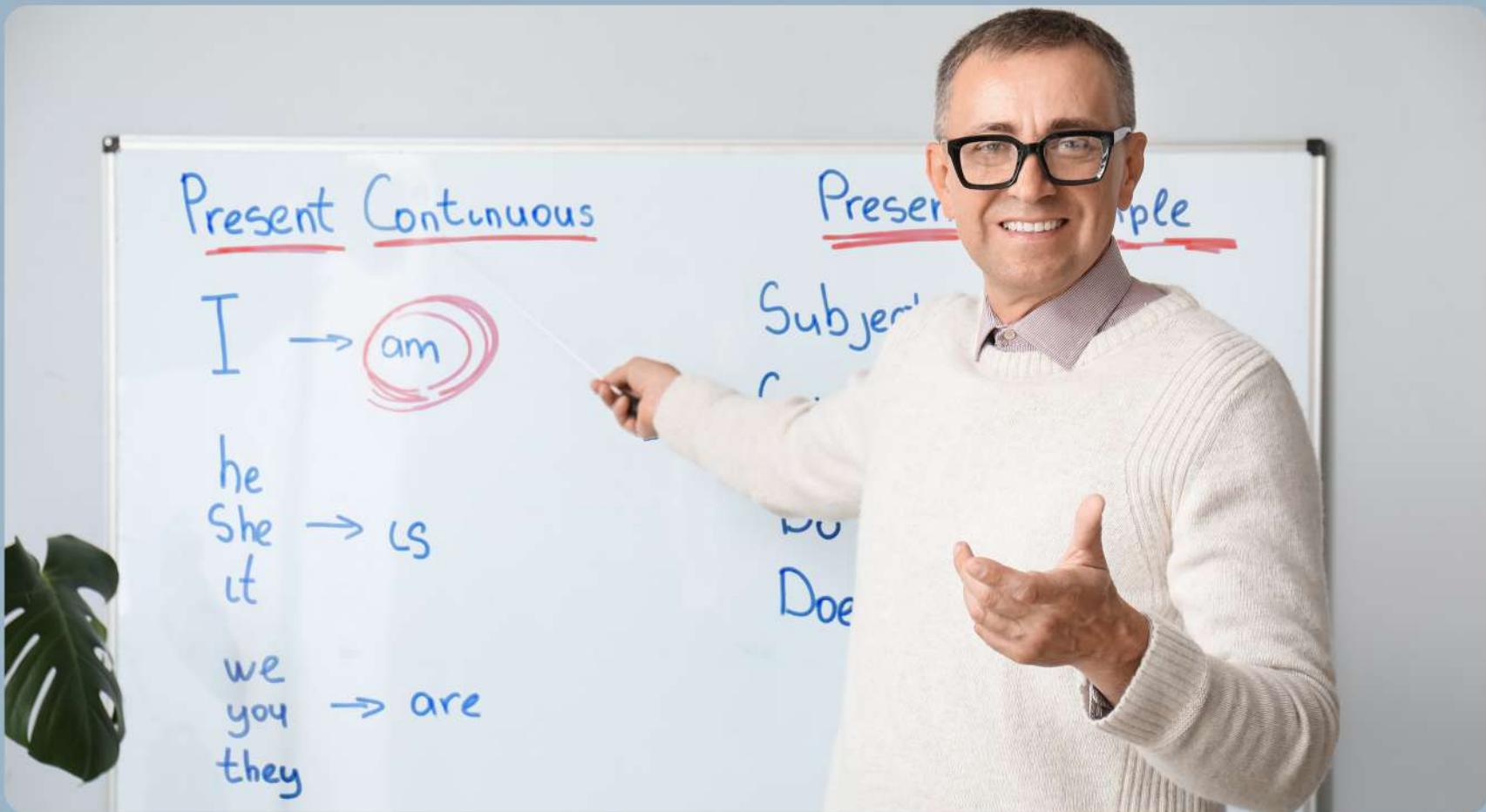
Protecting the Truth



1. Why can rushing cause problems later in a case?
2. Would you rather work fast or carefully? Why?

Before anyone touches anything, **the scene** must be protected. In forensic investigations, mistakes can destroy truth forever. Investigators **block off areas**, take photos, and write notes so nothing is lost. It may seem slow, but rushing causes problems later. A moved object or missing photo can confuse a case. What looks obvious to **outsiders** might actually be **misleading**. Careful work at the start helps courts trust what comes later and protects investigators from serious mistakes during **trials**.

Grammar



A teacher with glasses and a white sweater is pointing to a whiteboard. The whiteboard has handwritten text: 'Present Continuous' and 'Present Simple'. It also lists subjects with their corresponding be动词: I (am), he/she/it (is), we/you/they (are), and a partially visible 'Doe' (do).

Present Continuous

I → am

he
She
it → is

we
you
they → are

Present Simple

Subj...
c.
do
Doe

Phrasal verbs with 'put.'

Match the multiword verbs with their meanings.

To delay or postpone something.

put off

To tolerate or endure something unpleasant.

put up with

1. To extinguish a fire or light.
2. To inconvenience or trouble someone.

put out

1. To talk badly about someone.
2. To euthanize an animal.

put down

Let's Talk!



Dialogue 1 – First Day Jitters

Maya: I thought forensic science was just cool lab stuff, not standing quietly staring at the floor.

Leo: Same. I didn't expect "don't touch anything" to be the main rule.

Maya: One mistake and the whole case can fall apart, though. That's kind of scary.

Leo: Yeah, imagine sneezing and ruining the evidence. Instant nightmare.

Maya: Still, I like that it's about facts, not guessing.

Leo: True. Science doesn't care about opinions, just proof.

Question: Would you feel nervous or excited working at a crime scene for the first time? Why?

Unlocking Word Parts

A large, bold, 3D-style text "WORDS" is centered on a dark, textured background. The letters are black with a metallic or plastic-like texture, and they cast a soft shadow on the surface below. The background is a dark, smoky or cloudy texture, creating a dramatic and mysterious atmosphere.

Euphemisms and Dysphemisms

Euphemism: A polite or mild word or phrase used to replace a more direct, harsh, or unpleasant one.

1. Died - Passed away	6. Toilet - Restroom
2. Fired - Let go	7. Drunk - Tipsy
3. Old - Senior citizen	8. poor - Financially challenged
4. Fat - Full-figured	9. Criminal - Person of interest
5. Unemployed - Between jobs	10. War - Armed conflict

See you next time!

